



NON-CLO

MAINTENANCE FACTORS



Discover more.

INNOVATE | INTEGRATE | ILLUMINATE

TRT Maintenance Factors for Lighting Design Non-CLO

When designing a lighting scheme with TRT lanterns, the maintenance factors to be used for CLO & non-CLO designs are different. This document is a guide for maintenance factor selection for non-CLO lanterns.

Maintenance Factor = **LLMF x LMF x LSF**

Where:

LLMF = lamp/LED lumen maintenance factor – LED output depreciation due to loss of efficacy over time appropriate to the operating characteristics in the specific luminaire & an additional precautionary allowance made by TRT for other potential system losses. For all non-CLO TRT lanterns (except for the Via bollard and the Light Guide versions of Chalis and Circa) an LLMF of 0.95 is used.*

LMF = luminaire maintenance factor – accounts for the loss of light output due to environmental factors allowing for the mounting height, cleaning cycle and the level of particle deposits (dirt) likely on the lantern in the area of installation. The level of dirt deposit from atmospheric pollution is taken as being indicated by the environmental zone categorisation. The overall LMF resulting from these factors is looked up from BS5489:1:2013.

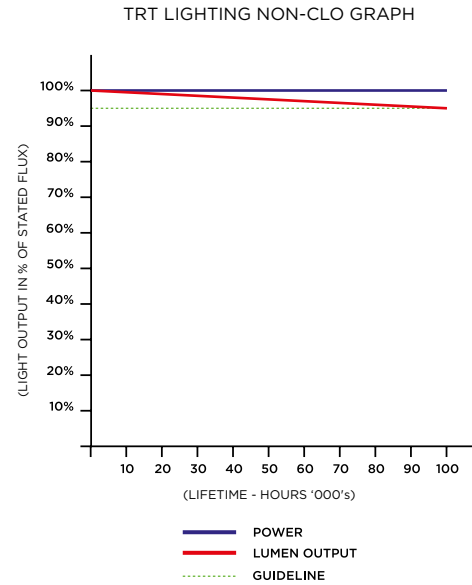
LSF = LED survival factor - if the user wishes to allow for LED survival rate it is 98% as a precautionary value, that is 2% LED failures over 100,000 hrs, however, as the failures will not be evenly spread over lanterns and for many lanterns 2% of LEDs is less than 1 LED and so cannot be representative of the performance of any given lantern. In the unlikely event of a lantern experiencing multiple LED failures and so significantly contributing to the 2% aggregate value it is expected that it would be replaced, making the application of the 2% failure across all lanterns misleading. However, despite these concerns about the use of LSF and the wastage of energy it can lead to, examples are included below using LSF to illustrate strict conformity to the methodology given in BS EN 13201.

* (Note - for the standard non Light Guide versions of these lanterns 0.95 should still be used).

For detail on LLMF for non-CLO Via bollard, Chalis Light Guide and Circa Light Guide, please contact photometry@trtlighting.co.uk.

NON-CLO MAINTENANCE FACTORS GUIDE

For non-CLO TRT lanterns power to the LEDs remains constant & due to the gradual decrease in efficacy of LEDs over time the lumen output reduces.



Luminaire Maintenance Factors

Environmental zone	Mounting height	LMF					
		Cleaning frequency 12 months	Cleaning frequency 24 months	Cleaning frequency 36 months	Cleaning frequency 48 months	Cleaning frequency 60 months	Cleaning frequency 72 months
E1/E2	<=6.00m	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.92
E1/E2	> 6.00m	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.92
E3/E4	<=6.00m	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.86	0.84
E3/E4	> 6.00m	0.96	0.96	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.92

Zone	Surrounding	Lighting Environment	Examples
E0	Protected	Dark	UNESCO Starlight Reserves, IDA Dark Sky Parks
E1	Natural	Intrinsically dark	National Parks, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty etc.
E2	Rural	Low district brightness	Village or relatively dark outer suburban locations
E3	Suburban	Med district brightness	Small town centres or suburban locations
E4	Urban	High district brightness	Town/city centres with high levels of night-time activity

Example Maintenance Factors when using TRT Non-CLO Lanterns

The following example maintenance factors for use with TRT non-CLO lanterns are calculated based on a 72 month cleaning cycle. Table B1 in BS5489 should be used to look up the LMF relevant to a specific project.

For column height $\leq 6.00\text{m}$ in environmental zones E1 or E2 from BS5489 LMF = 0.92

Maintenance factor = $LLMF \times LMF = 0.95 \times 0.92 = 0.87$

Or if the decision is made to also include LSF = $LLMF \times LMF \times LSF = 0.95 \times 0.92 \times 0.98 = 0.86$

For column height $> 6.00\text{m}$ in environmental zones E1 or E2 from BS5489 LMF = 0.92

Maintenance factor = $LLMF \times LMF = 0.95 \times 0.92 = 0.87$

For column height $\leq 6.00\text{m}$ in environmental zones E3 or E4 from BS5489 LMF = 0.84


Maintenance factor = $LLMF \times LMF = 0.95 \times 0.84 = 0.80$

For column height $> 6.00\text{m}$ in environmental zones E3 or E4 from BS5489 LMF = 0.92

Maintenance factor = $LLMF \times LMF = 0.95 \times 0.92 = 0.87$

For all non-CLO TRT lanterns (except for the Via bollard and the Light Guide versions of Chalis and Circa) an LLMF of 0.95 is used.

For more information

 +44 (0) 1527 521 162

www.trtlighting.co.uk

